



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/651,226	08/30/2000	Arun K. Gupta	102157-100	2299
27267	7590 07/31/2002			
WIGGIN & DANA LLP			EXAMINER	
ONE CENT	N: PATENT DOCKETIN URY TOWER, P.O. BOX	- -	SPIEGEL, MICHAEL A	
NEW HAVEN, CT 06508-1832			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2175	
			DATE MAIL ED: 07/31/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/651,226	GUPTA, ARUN K.			
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
×	Michael A Spiegel	2175			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (5) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period volume to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.		,			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers	_				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	phoney and or or o.c. grive(a	, (0, 0. (.).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No.			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.			
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisional application).			
 a) The translation of the foreign language pro 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic 	visional application has been rec ic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	eived.			
Attachment(s) SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 3	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-475CHAGLNGY) CENTER 2100 Patent Application (PTO-152)			
D. D. L. and T. at most Office					

Art Unit: 2175

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 1-5 are objected to because of the following informalities: in Claim 1, line 3, the recitation of "Specifying" should be –specifying--. Appropriate correction is required.

Claims 2-5 are objected to because Claims 2-5 are dependent from objected to independent Claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "said identified data elements" in lines 5, 6, and 9.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

The claimed limitation of "said identified data elements" recited in Claim 1, lines 5-6, is unclear, vague, and indefinite in the context of the claim.

The "identified data elements" is not defined or explained in the claim. It appears that the recitation of "identified data elements" should be "specified data elements."

Clarification is required.

Art Unit: 2175

Claims 2-5 are rejected under 35 USC 112, 2nd paragraph, because Claims 2-5 are dependent from on rejected independent Claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Sheffield</u> (U.S. 5,832,431) in view of <u>Goldberg</u> (U.S. 5,907,847).

As to Claim 1, <u>Sheffield</u> discloses a method for extracting desired data from a digital database comprising the steps of:

- 1) specifying desired data elements to be extracted from an operational database (see Col. 3, lines 12-15, and also see Fig. 21, where <u>Sheffield</u> teaches how a programmer may use an SQL statement or a GUI to specify one or more database tables and columns within those tables, thus selecting the desired data elements.);
- 2) executing the executable code thereby extracting the identified data elements from the database (see Col. 3, lines 21-23 where <u>Sheffield</u> teaches how the specified data elements may be selected and extracted and see Col. 4, lines 17-22 where <u>Sheffield</u>

Art Unit: 2175

teaches how code or "commands" are executed to retrieve the data from the operational database).

Sheffield does not teach that executable code is generated from the identified data elements. Rather, Sheffield discloses an interface object that resides between a client application and a database manager, which contains all the code ("methods" or "commands") necessary to perform such functions as data extraction.

D.P. 7/29/02 Goldberg teaches that that executable code is generated from the data elements and discloses a method in which an object's state and behavior may be coupled in a database management system. (See Fig. 5A, 504 and Col. 8 lines 36-39). Goldberg defines an object's state as being: "determined by the set of values an object carries for a set of properties or variables. A property can be an attribute of the object or a relation between the object and one or more other objects," and an object's behavior as being "defined by the set of operations that can be performed with the object. Each operation is implemented in a routine that is referred to as a method. An object can include a plurality of methods. An operation is performed by invoking one of the object's methods." (See Goldberg, Col 1, lines 23-32)

¹ Examiner uses Applicant's definition of an operational database as a database "typically designed to support all the business needs of an enterprise" (see instant application, p. 2, lines 28-30) in contrast to a staging database which is used only to store data extracted in the process of data mining from an operational database. (See instant application, p. 3, lines 9-12.) Examiner considers any database mentioned in the prior art as being an operational database, unless it is specified as being a staging database, as per Applicant's definition.

Art Unit: 2175

Goldberg further teaches how an object's behavior may be stored with its state as methods (Fig. 3) and how these methods may be used to generate code for all relevant operations on the object's state (See Fig. 5A, 504 and Col. 8 lines 36-39).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the data extraction method of Sheffield to include the generation of executable code from the identified data elements for extracting the identified data elements from the database.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the data extraction method of <u>Sheffield</u> to include the generation of executable code from the identified data elements for extracting the identified data elements from the database for the following reasons:

- a) so that the state and behavior of the object are stored reliably in the Database

 Management System (DBMS) in a single location such that a modification can be made
 to both state and behavior in one transaction;
- b) so that when an object is extracted or replicated both its state and its behavior can be transferred securely and reliably: and
- c) so that platform independent code can be generated from the object itself without additional modification when the object is extracted and stored in another environment (as taught by Goldberg at Col. 6, lines 6-13; Col. 7, lines 33-48).
- 6. Claims 2-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sheffield (U.S. 5,832,431) in view of Goldberg (U.S. 5,907,847) as applied to Claim 1 above, and further in view of Medl (U.S. 6,108,004).

Art Unit: 2175

As to Claim 2, <u>Sheffield</u> as modified discloses that data may be extracted and stored in another destination. (See Col. 4, lines 44-46)

Sheffield as modified does not teach that the executable code stores the extracted data elements in a staging database.

Medl teaches data mining and storing data in a staging database. (See Col. 7, lines 33-48. Note that Applicant defines "staging database" as one used in data mining; Medl discloses a database used in data mining. Therefore, staging database reads on: a database used in data mining as disclosed by Medl at Col. 7, lines 3-48.)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have further modified Sheffield as modified wherein: the executable code stores the extracted data elements in a staging database.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have further modified Sheffield as modified by the teaching of Medl because employing the use of a staging database to store data elements would allow the data elements to be used in data mining applications as data mining is a well known and useful technique for recognition of patterns such as profit, efficiency, and inventory.

As to Claim 3, <u>Sheffield</u> as modified discloses that the operational database is relational (See Sheffield, Col. 2 line 60 - Col. 3 line 4; Goldberg, Col. 8, lines 28-29. Also see footnote to Claim 1 for discussion on operational and staging databases.)

Art Unit: 2175

As to Claim 4, <u>Sheffield</u> as modified discloses that the staging database is relational.(See Sheffield, Col. 2 line 60 - Col. 3 line 4; Goldberg, Col. 8, lines 28-29. Also see footnote to Claim 1 for discussion on operational and staging databases.)

As to Claim 5, <u>Sheffield</u> as modified discloses that identifying the data elements to be extracted comprises the steps of selecting data elements stored in a repository through a graphical user interface. (See <u>Sheffield</u>, Fig. 1, 20a; Fig 5; Fig 21)

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Banning et al. (U.S. 5,721,901) teaches a graphical user interface for making data selections in a database.

Powers et al. (U.S. 6,038,558) teaches a database retrieval and viewing architecture.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael A Spiegel whose telephone number is 703-305-7605. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dov Popovici can be reached on 703-305-3830. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-7239 for regular communications and 703-746-7238 for After Final communications.

Art Unit: 2175

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

mas

July 26, 2002

DOV POPOVICI

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100